(Registered in the Republic of Singapore) (Unique Entity Number: S31CS0008K)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2022



(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

Directors

Mohd Faizal bin Fadzlillah - Chairman
Prof Roksana Bibi Abdullah - Deputy Chairman 1
Mohd Faizal bin Ismail - Deputy Chairman 2
Johari B. Mohd Rais - Deputy Chairman 3
Muhd Ariff Mohd Noor - Chairman, Audit Committee
Arzami Bin Salim
Kamiti Nahim
Mazli Mahmood
Moen bin Kasir
Norasiken Binte Mohamed Noor
Syahrulnizam bin Abdul Rahman
Syed Mohammad bin Syed Ali Alsagoff
Dr. Hirman Mohd Khamis
Prof Kamsiah Abdullah

Registered Office

785 Geylang Road Singapore 389673

Auditor

Rohan • Mah & Partners LLP

Bankers

United Overseas Bank Limited Malayan Banking Berhad Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation

Contents	Page
Directors' Statement	1 - 2
Independent Auditor's Report	3 - 6
Statements of Financial Position	7 - 8
Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	9
Statements on Appropriation of Funds	10
Statements of Cash Flows	11
Notes to the Financial Statements	12 - 55

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

The directors are pleased to present their statement to the members together with the audited financial statements of SGM Singapura Koperatif Berhad (the Co-operative) for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

1 OPINION OF THE DIRECTORS

In the opinion of the directors,

- (a) the accompanying financial statements together with the notes thereto are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Co-operative Societies Act Chapter 62 (the Act), the Co-operative Societies Rules (the Rules) and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore (FRSs) so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Co-operative as at 31 December 2022 and of the financial performance, appropriation of funds of the Co-operative and statement of cash flows of the Co-operative for the year ended on that date;
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Co-operative will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due; and
- (c) the receipts, expenditure, investment of money and the acquisition and disposal of assets by the Co-operative during the financial year ended 31 December 2022 have been made in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the By-laws of the Co-operative.

2 DIRECTORS

The directors of the Co-operative in office at the date of this statement are:

Mohd Faizal bin Fadzlillah - Chairman
Prof Roksana Bibi Abdullah - Deputy Chairman 1
Mohd Faizal bin Ismail - Deputy Chairman 2
Johari B. Mohd Rais - Deputy Chairman 3
Muhd Ariff Mohd Noor - Chairman, Audit Committee
Arzami Bin Salim
Kamiti Nahim
Mazli Mahmood
Moen bin Kasir
Norasiken Binte Mohamed Noor
Syahrulnizam bin Abdul Rahman
Syed Mohammad bin Syed Ali Alsagoff
Dr. Hirman Mohd Khamis
Prof Kamsiah Abdullah

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

3 AUDITOR

The auditor, Messrs. Rohan • Mah & Partners LLP, has expressed its willingness to accept reappointment as auditor.

The Board of Directors has, on the date of this statement, authorised these financial statements for issue.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MOHD FAIZAL BIN FADZLILLAH

Chairman

ROKSANA BIBI ABDULLAH

Deputy Chairman 1

MOHD FAIZAL BIN ISMAIL

Deputy Chairman 2

Singapore, 7 July 2023



Page 3

INDEPENDENT OF AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SGM Singapura Koperatif Berhad (the Coperative) which comprise the statements of financial position of the Co-operative as at 31 December 2022, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of appropriation of funds of the Co-operative and statement of cash flows of the Co-operative for the year ended 31 December 2022, and to the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Co-operative are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Co-operative Societies Act 1979 (the Act), the Co-operative Societies Rules (the Rules) and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore (FRSs) so as to give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial position of the Co-operative as at 31 December 2022 and the financial performance, appropriation of funds and cash flows of the Co-operative for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing (SSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Co-operative in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA) Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities (ACRA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Statement set out on pages 1 to 2 and the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.





INDEPENDENT OF AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Rules and FRSs, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Co-operative's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Co-operative or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Co-operative's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Co-operative's internal control.



INDEPENDENT OF AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements - cont'd

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Co-operative's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Co-operative to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records including the register of members required by the Act and the Rules to be kept by the Co-operative have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Rules.

During the course of our audit, nothing has come to our attention to cause us to believe that the receipts, expenditure and investment of monies and the acquisition and disposal of assets by the Co-operative during the financial year ended 31 December 2022 have not been made in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Rules.

Responsibility of Management and Directors for Compliance with Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Management is responsible for ensuring that the receipts, expenditure, investment of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets, are in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Rules. This responsibility includes implementing accounting and internal controls as management determines are necessary to enable compliance with the provisions of the Act and the Rules.



INDEPENDENT OF AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

Auditor's Responsibility for the Compliance Audit

Rohan. lah I Parts LLP

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the management's compliance based on our audit of the financial statements. We planned and performed the compliance audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the receipts, expenditure, investment of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets, are in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Rules.

Our compliance audit includes obtaining an understanding of the internal control relevant to the receipts, expenditure, investment of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets; and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements from non-compliance, if any, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Because of the inherent limitations in any accounting and internal control system, non-compliances may nevertheless occur and not be detected.

ROHAN • MAH & PARTNERS LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore 7 July 2023 (RK/MA./SR/AT/RM/ccy)

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD) (Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

ASSETS LESS LIABILITIES	Notes	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Non-Comment Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	16	5,066,722	4,974,466
Investment securities	17	62,000	62,000
Investments in subsidiary	18	40,512	40,512
Ordinary loans to members	19	2,659,125	2,432,709
Renovation loan to members	22 _		
	_	7,828,359	7,509,687
Current Assets			
Investment securities	24	11,894	11,894
Interest receivable from loans		17,250	17,250
Advances for subsidiary	25	8,503	4,683
Other receivables	26	87,494	84,314
Ordinary loans to members	19	1,058,785	1,359,721
Purchasing loans to members	20	24,025	24,228
Education loans to members	21	11,600	6,384
Renovation loan to members	22	53,350	, -
Staff loan	23	14,957	7,367
Cash and cash equivalents	27	3,242,345	3,663,246
·	_	4,530,203	5,179,087
	-		-, -,

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD) (Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Notes		
		2022	2021
		S\$	S\$
Current Liabilities			
Deposits received		154,840	216,647
Other payables	29	223,766	166,093
Honorarium	30	1	3,639
Share capital	3	1,058,776	1,103,432
Subscription capital	4	5,103,642	5,123,066
General savings	5	2,424,620	2,426,609
General savings - hajj	6	216,870	193,440
General savings - education	7	29,781	33,741
G	-	9,212,296	9,266,667
Net Current Liabilities	-	(4,682,093)	(4,087,580)
Net Assets	-	3,146,266	3,422,107
	=	-,,	
ACCUMULATED FUND			
Common good fund	8	129,136	61,946
Central co-operative fund	28	366	-
Staff welfare fund	9	16,973	22,807
Donation fund	10	18,832	22,832
Building repair fund	11	26,892	62,188
Staff ex-gratia fund	12	, <u>-</u>	4,849
SGM reserve fund	43	212,909	189,290
Subscription received	13	· -	144,036
Childcare development fund	14	-	-
Property revaluation reserve	15	1,935,521	1,935,521
Accumulated surplus		805,637	978,638
	-	3,146,266	3,422,107
	=		
TOTAL SAVINGS	=	3,146,266	3,422,107

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Notes		
		2022	2021
		S\$	S\$
INCOME			
Interest on loans granted to members Interest on purchasing loans granted to		240,199	274,158
members		5,234	9,719
Interest on fixed deposits		4,533	6,341
Grants and subsidies received		1,249,099	1,183,211
School fees received		566,811	468,310
Financial assets at fair value through profit and			(
loss - fair value loss		-	(147)
Dividends from investments		3,000	5,000
Reinsurance commission income		5,244	8,688
Other income		181,526_	95,364
TOTAL INCOME		2,255,646	2,050,644
LESS: EXPENDITURE Administrative and general			
expenses	32	(2,248,334)	(2,045,786)
		7,312	4,858
			4,000
SURPLUS FOR THE			
FINANCIAL YEAR		7,312	4,858
ADD/(LESS): CONTRIBUTION			
Central co-operative fund	28	(366)	-
TOTAL CONTRIBUTION		(366)	-
CUDDI LIC AVAILADI E			
SURPLUS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		6,946	4,858
TORALINOLIMATION		0,340	4,000

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENTS OF APPROPRIATION OF FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Notes	2022 \$\$	2021 \$\$
SURPLUS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		6,946	4,858
L FOO. ADDDODDIATIONS		3,3 .3	.,000
LESS: APPROPRIATIONS SGM reserve fund	43	(100,000)	
Common good fund	43 8	(100,000) (67,790)	-
Staff welfare fund	9	(67,790)	-
Donation fund	10	_	_
Building repair fund	11	_	_
Staff ex-gratia fund	12	(20,000)	_
Childcare fund	14	(20,000)	_
Honorarium	30	_	_
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS		(187,790)	-
(DEFICIT)/SURPLUS AFTER APPROPRIATIONS		(180,844)	4,858
(DEFICIT)/SURPLUS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS		(180,844)	4,858
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		978,638	1,232,579
ADD: RECEIPTS FROM / (REFUND TO) MEMBERS DURING THE YEAR		7,843	-
LESS: ADJUSTMENTS DURING THE YEAR			(4.40.000)
THE TEAK			(148,802)
		805,637	1,088,635
LESS: DIVIDENDS/BONUS SHARES Dividends	35		(109,997)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS BEFORE FUND TRANSFER		805,637	978,638
ACCUMULATED CURDING AT			
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		805,637	978,638
			,

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD) (Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	2022	2021
	S\$	S\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Surplus for the financial year	7,312	4,858
A diverture out of the control of th		
Adjustments for: Depreciation	81,487	71 902
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss - fair value loss	01,407	71,893 147
Operating cash surplus before working capital changes	88,799	76,898
Working capital changes, excluding changes related to cash:	00,700	70,090
Loans to member	69,507	68,627
Renovation loan	(53,350)	, -
Loans to staff	(7,590)	(2,430)
Deposits received	(21,296)	17,352
Other receivables	(7,000)	(30,923)
Other payables	57,673	34,208
Others	(344,513)	(66,822)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(217,770)	96,910
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Fixed deposits pledged	(1,193,350)	_
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(173,743)	(98,805)
Net cash used in investment activity	(1,367,093)	(98,805)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Contributions to share capital, subscription, general savings, haji savings, education savings	1 020 946	002 444
Contributions to Dana kebajikan bersama (net)	1,020,846	993,411
Disbursements - Common good fund	67,190	(900)
Disbursements - Building fund	(35,296)	(900)
Disbursements - Donation fund (net)	(4,000)	_
Disbursements - Staff welfare fund	(5,834)	(9,271)
Disbursements - Central co-operative fund	(, , ,	(18,768)
Disbursements - Staff ex-gratia fund	(4,849)	(44,935)
Disbursements - Honorarium		(45,473)
Dividend paid (Note 34)	-	-
Withdrawals from share capital, subscription, general savings, hajj	(4.007.445)	(000 174)
savings, education savings	(1,067,445)	(636,151)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(29,388)	237,913
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,614,251)	236,018
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	3,340,387	3,104,369
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year		
(Note 27)	1,726,136	3,340,387

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

SGM Singapura Koperatif Berhad (Singapore Malay Teachers' Co-Operative Ltd)(the Cooperative) is domiciled and registered in the Republic of Singapore under the Co-operative Societies Act, Chapter 62. The registered office of the Co-operative is at 785 Geylang Road, Singapore 389673.

The principal activities of the Co-operative are that of providing loans to its members, acting as investment organisation and providing educational and welfare related services.

The Co-operative is the licensee of 2 childcare centres namely SGM Murni and SGM Little Kidz @ Rivervale and have an activity centre Dana Kebajikan Bersama (DKB). DKB has ceased operations.

The principal activities of the subsidiary are described in Note 18 to the financial statements.

The financial statements of the Co-operative were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 7 July 2023.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the provision of the Singapore Co-operative Societies Act 1979, the Co-operative Societies Rules and the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards. The financial statements, expressed in Singapore Dollar (SGD or S\$) which is also the functional currency of the Co-operative, are prepared on the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Co-operative's accounting policies. It also requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial year. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. Critical accounting estimates and assumptions used that are significant to the financial statements, and areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, are disclosed in Note 37.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except in the current financial year, the Co-operative has adopted all the new and revised standards which are relevant to the Co-operative and are effective for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The adoption of these standards did not have any material effect on the financial statements.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.1 Basis of Preparation - cont'd

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are issued but effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. The Co-operative does not plan to early adopt these standards.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to FRS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to FRS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and FRS Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to FRS 12 <i>Income Taxes</i> : Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
FRS 117 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to FRS 116 <i>Leases:</i> Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
Amendments to FRS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to FRS 110 Consolidated Financial Statements and FRS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Date to be determined

The directors expect that the adoption of the other standards above will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

The SGM Educational Institution Pte. Ltd., has been dormant since the end of 2016 and is not required to be audited by local jurisdiction. Due to this nature, the financial statements of the subsidiary is not consolidated with the Co-operative financial statements.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.2 Group Accounting

2.2.1 Subsidiary

(i) Consolidation

Subsidiary is entity (including special purpose entities) over which the group has power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities, generally accompanied by a shareholding giving rise to a majority of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are de-consolidated from the date on which control ceases.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group entities are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated but are considered an impairment indicator of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Co-operative.

Non-controlling interests are that part of the net results of operations and of net assets of a subsidiary attributable to the interests which are not owned directly or indirectly by the equity holders of the Co-operative. They are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and balance sheet. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the non-controlling interests based on their respective interests in a subsidiary, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(ii) Acquisitions

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Co-operative.

The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary or business comprises the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Co-operative. The consideration transferred also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement and the fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.2 Group Accounting - cont'd

2.2.1 Subsidiary - cont'd

(ii) Acquisitions - cont'd

On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Co-operative recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

The excess of (i) the consideration transferred, the amount of any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the (ii) fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill.

(iii) Disposals

When a change in the Co-operative ownership interest in a subsidiary results in a loss of control over the subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary including any goodwill are derecognised. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are also reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings if required by a specific Standard.

Any retained equity interest in the entity is remeasured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained interest at the date when control is lost and its fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Please refer to note 2.3 for the accounting policy on investment in subsidiary.

2.2.2 Transactions with Non-Controlling Interests

Changes in the Co-operative's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control over the subsidiary are accounted for as transactions with equity owners of the Co-operative. Any difference between the change in the carrying amounts of the non-controlling interest and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised within equity attributable to the equity holders of the Co-operative.

2.3 Investments in Subsidiary

Investments in subsidiary is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses in the Co-operative's statement of financial position. On disposal of an investment in subsidiary, the difference between net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is taken to the profit or loss.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Dismantlement, removal of restoration costs are included as part of the cost of property, plant and equipment if the obligation for dismantlement, removal or restoration is incurred as a consequence of acquiring or using the property, plant and equipment.

Freehold property is stated in the statement of financial position at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are carried out by an independent professional valuer, with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the reporting date.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate depreciable amounts over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Freehold building	50
Equipment and fittings	5
Computer equipment	1 to 4
General renovations	5

The residual value, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated.

2.5 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Co-operative assess at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, (or, where applicable, when an annual impairment testing for an asset is required), The Co-operative make an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.5 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets - cont'd

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

2.6 Financial Instruments

2.6.1 Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when, and only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

At initial recognition, the Co-operative measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Trade receivables are measured at the amount of consideration to which the Co-operative expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third party, if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component at initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement

Investments In Debt Instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Co-operative business model for managing the asset and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the asset. The three measurement categories for classification of debt instruments are amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and FVPL. The Co-operative only has debt instruments at amortised cost.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.6 Financial Instruments - cont'd

2.6.1 Financial Assets - cont'd

Subsequent measurement - cont'd

Investments In Debt Instruments - cont'd

Financial assets that are held for the collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the assets are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Investments in Equity Instruments

On initial recognition of an investment in equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Co-operative may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income which will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are to be recognised in profit or loss when the Co-operative's right to receive payments is established. For investments in equity instruments which the Co-operative have not elected to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income, changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised where the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income for debt instruments is recognised in profit or loss.

2.6.2 Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when, and only when, the Co-operative becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Co-operative determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus in the case of financial liabilities not at FVPL, directly attributable transaction costs.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.6 Financial Instruments - cont'd

2.6.2 Financial Liabilities - cont'd

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities that are not carried at FVPL are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amounts and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

2.7 Impairment of Financial Assets

The Co-operative recognised an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Co-operative expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognised for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables, the Co-operative applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Co-operative does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Co-operative has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment which could affect debtors' ability to pay.

The Co-operative considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 60 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Co-operative may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Co-operative is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Co-operative. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.8 Share Capital and Subscription Capital

All paid-up share and subscription capital are participating shares and classified as current liabilities. All shareholders are entitled to redeem their shares at the par value. Dividends on participating shares are recognised in the year in which they are approved at the general meeting.

2.9 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and on hand which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.10 **Funds**

The Co-operative maintains Reserve Fund and other Specific Funds. Specific Funds are set up for specific purposes. The income and expenses are recorded in the Specific Funds if they are attributable to Specific Funds. If the Co-operative has surplus from the operations during the financial year, it then appropriates to Specific Funds.

2.11 Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Co-operative expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognised when the Co-operative satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised goods or service to the customer, which is when the customer obtains control of the goods or service. A performance obligation may be satisfied at a point in time or over time. The amount of revenue recognised is the amount allocated to the satisfied performance obligation.

2.11.1 Rendering of Services

Revenue from sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of business is recognised when the Co-operative satisfies a performance obligation ("PO") by transferring control of a promised goods and services to the customer. The amount of revenue recognised is the amount of the transaction price allocated to the satisfied PO.

The transaction price is allocated to each PO in the contract on the basis of the relative standalone selling price of the promised goods and services. The individual standalone selling price of a goods and services that has not previously been sold on a standalone basis, or has a highly variable selling price, is determined based on the residual portion of the transaction price after allocating the transaction price to goods and services with observable standalone selling prices. A discount or variable consideration is allocated to one or more, but not all, of the performance obligations if it relates specifically to those performance obligation.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.11 Revenue - cont'd

2.11.1 Rendering of Services - cont'd

Revenue may be recognised at a point in time or over time following the timing of satisfaction of the PO. If a PO is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised based on the percentage of completion reflecting the progress towards complete satisfaction of that PO.

2.11.2 Interest Income on Loan

Interest income earned on loans is charged on monthly rest basis and credited to profit or loss in the period to which it relates.

2.11.3 Insurance

Insurance commission income is recognised as revenue on a basis that is consistent with the recognition of the costs incurred on the acquisition of underlying insurance contracts.

2.11.4 Interest Income from Fixed Deposits

Interest income from fixed deposits is recognised using the effective interest method.

2.11.5 Interest Income from Current Accounts

Interest income from current accounts is recognised as revenue on receipt basis.

2.11.6 School fees

School fees are recognised in profit or loss on accrual basis.

2.11.7 Rental Income

Rental income from investment is recognised as revenue on an accrual basis.

2.11.8 Dividend

Dividends from quoted and unquoted investments are recognised when received.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.12 Government Grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with.

When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is recognised as deferred income on the statement of financial position and is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

Where loans or similar assistance are provided by governments or related institutions with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favourable interest is regarded as additional government grant.

2.12.1 Property Tax Rebate

The Singapore Government had given remission of property tax (property tax rebates) under section 6(8) of the Property Tax Act (Cap. 254) to qualifying non-residential properties in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

For the portion of a non-residential property leased out to a lessee (tenant), the owner of the property (landlord) must transfer the benefit from the property tax rebate under section 29 of the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) Act 2020. For the vacant portion of the property, the landlord itself will benefit from the property tax rebate.

2.12.2 Jobs Support Scheme

The Jobs Support Scheme provides wage support to employers to help them retain their local employees during this period of economic uncertainty. Employers who have made CPF contributions for their local employees will qualify for the payouts under the scheme.

2.12.3 Rental Relief

Qualifying property owners received support via a Government cash grant and they must in turn provide the necessary rental relief to their eligible Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) and Non-Profit organisations (NPOs) tenant - occupiers of the prescribed properties under the Rental Relief Framework.

2.12.4 Foreign Worker Levy Waiver and Rebate

The Singapore Government provided business employers who hire foreign workers on work permits and S-passes with Foreign Worker Levy (FWL) and FWL rebates to ease the labour costs of such firms.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Co-operative have a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

2.14 Employee Benefits

2.14.1 Defined contribution plans

The Co-operative make contributions to the Central Provident Fund scheme in Singapore, a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

2.14.2 Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Co-operative has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2.15 Leases

The Co-operative assess at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a leases. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

2.15.1 As Lessee

The Co-operative apply a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Co-operative recognises lease liabilities representing the obligations to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying leased assets.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.15 Leases - cont'd

2.15.1 As Lessee - cont'd

Right-of-Use Assets

The Co-operative recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Co-operative at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. The accounting policy for impairment is disclosed in Note 2.5.

Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Co-operative recognised lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including insubstance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Co-operative and payments of penalties for terminating the lease if the lease term reflects The Co-operative exercising the option to terminate the lease, if the lease term reflects the Co-operative exercising the option to terminate.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.15 Leases - cont'd

2.15.1 As Lessee - cont'd

Lease Liabilities - cont'd

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Co-operative uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g. changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying assets.

Short-Term Leases and Leases of Low-Value Assets

The Co-operative applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e. those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of lease of computer and printers that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on low value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.15.2 As Lessor

Leases in which the Co-operative does not transfer substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising from operating leases on the Co-operative's property is accounted for a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Page 26

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

2.16 Related Parties

A related party is defined as follows:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Cooperative if that person:
 - (i) Has control or joint control over the Co-operative;
 - (ii) Has significant influence over the Co-operative; or
 - (iii) Is a member of the key management personnel of the Co-operative or of a parent of the Co-operative.
- (b) An entity is related to the Co-operative if any of the following conditions applies:
 - The entity and the Co-operative are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or and associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Co-operative. If the Co-operative is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Co-operative;
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity):
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of an entity of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Co-operative or to the parent of the Co-operative.

2.17 Foreign Currency Transaction and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the functional currency of the Cooperative and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the end of the reporting period are recognised in profit or loss.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

3 SHARE CAPITAL

	2022 \$\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year	1,103,432	1,134,002
Add: Issue of shares	4,231	-
Less: Redemption of shares	(48,887)	(30,570)
End of the financial year	1,058,776	1,103,432

The Co-operative members and their rights

Members of the Co-operative consist of the following:

- i) Holds minimum 100 participating shares in the Co-operative for Ordinary and Associate members and minimum 1,000 participating shares for senior members:
- ii) Trade Unions and Registered Societies as may be accepted by the Board of Directors, and the Singapore Labour Foundation, which are designated Institutional Members;
- iii) All members over the age of 18 years who are Muslim professional staff or teachers who have retired or not retired or Muslim students of the National Institute of Education who are undergoing courses that qualify them to teach.

Any member of the Co-operative may vote at any General Meeting of the Cooperative. Ordinary and Associate members have the right to exercise one vote for irrespective of the number of shares held by them.

Any member may withdraw his/her shares, subject to a notice period of one year, or such other limitation as the Board of Directors may decide in accordance with the Rules and By-Laws. The member withdrawing shall be entitled on the expiry of his notice to receive for his shares, neither more than what he paid for them nor more than their values as disclosed by the last Statement of financial position prepared by the Co-operative or the last actuarial valuation of the Co-operative, whichever is later.

In the event of the winding up of the Co-operative, the assets, including the reserve fund, shall be applied first to the cost of liquidation, then to the discharge of the liabilities of the Co-operative, then to the payment of the share capital or subscription capital, and then, provided that the by-laws of the Co-operative permit, to the payment of a dividend or patronage refund at a rate not exceeding that laid down in the Rules or in the By-Laws.

Any monies remaining after the application of the funds to the purposes specified in the above paragraph (section 88 of the Co-operative Societies Act) and any unclaimed after two years under Section 89 (2) (which relates to claims of creditor), shall not be divided among the Members but shall be carried to the Co-operative Societies Liquidation Account kept by the Registrar.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

3 SHARE CAPITAL - cont'd

Co-operative members and their rights - cont'd

Members of the Co-operative consist of the following:

A sum carried to the Co-operative Societies Liquidation Account shall be kept in this Account for at least two years. Out of the Co-operative Societies Liquidation Account such sums may be transferred to the Central Co-operative Fund, or applied generally for the furtherance of Cooperative principles in such manner, as the Minister may determine from time to time.

The share capital is presented as current liabilities on the report. The redemption rights of the participating shareholders, and the requirements of FRS 32, are described in Note 2.8.

4 SUBSCRIPTION CAPITAL

	2022 \$\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year	5,123,066	5,065,112
Add: Subscriptions from members	258,128	274,402
Less: Withdrawals	(277,552)	(216,448)
End of the financial year	5,103,642	5,123,066

The subscription capital is presented as liability on the statement of financial position. The redemption rights of the participating shareholders, and the requirements of FRS 32, are described in Note 2.8.

Every ordinary member must subscribe to a minimum of S\$30 per month of subscription capital.

5 GENERAL SAVINGS

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year	2,426,609	2,128,204
Add: Subscriptions from members	717,267	678,648
Less: Withdrawals	(719,256)	(380,243)
End of the financial year	2,424,620	2,426,609

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

6	GENERAL SAVINGS - HAJJ		
		2022 \$\$	2021 S\$
	Beginning of the financial year Add: Subscriptions from members Less: Withdrawals End of the financial year	193,440 35,030 (11,600) 216,870	168,130 34,080 (8,770) 193,440
7	GENERAL SAVINGS - EDUCATION		
		2022 S\$	2021 S\$
	Beginning of the financial year Add: Subscriptions from members Less: Withdrawals End of the financial year	33,741 6,190 (10,150) 29,781	27,580 6,281 (120) 33,741
8	COMMON GOOD FUND		
		2022 \$\$	2021 \$\$
	Beginning of the financial year Add: Transfer from appropriation of funds	61,946 67,790	62,846 -
	Less: Disbursements End of the financial year	(600) 129,136	(900) 61,946

The Board will be requesting the members to approve the above transfer at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

This fund was established to provide welfare benefits to the Co-operative's members and their dependents.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

9 STAFF WELFARE FUND

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year Add: Transfer from appropriation of funds	22,807	32,078
Less: Disbursements End of the financial year	(5,834) 16,973	(9,271) 22,807

The Board will be requesting the members to approve the above transfer at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The prior year's transfer had been approved at the annual general meeting held during the year.

10 DONATION FUND

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year	22,832	22,832
Add: Transfer from appropriation of funds	-	-
Less: Disbursements	(4,000)	<u>-</u>
End of the financial year	18,832	22,832

The Board will be requesting the members to approve the above transfer at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The prior year's transfer had been approved at the annual general meeting held during the year.

11 BUILDING REPAIR FUND

	2022 \$\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year	62,188	62,188
Add: Transfer from appropriation of funds	-	-
Less: Disbursements	(35,296)	_
End of the financial year	26,892	62,188

The Board will be requesting the members to approve the above transfer at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The prior year's transfer had been approved at the annual general meeting held during the year.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

12 STAFF EX-GRATIA FUND

	2022 S\$	2021 \$\$
Beginning of the financial year	4,849	49,784
Add: Transfer from appropriation of funds	20,000	-
Less: Disbursements	(24,849)	(44,935)
End of the financial year		4,849

The Board will be requesting the members to approve the above transfer at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The prior year's transfer had been approved at the annual general meeting held during the year.

13 SUBSCRIPTION RECEIVED

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year Add: Subscriptions from	144,036	150,252
members(Closure/Refund)	(142,036)	4,734
Less: Death grants	(2,000)	(8,000)
Sickness benefits	<u> </u>	(2,950)
End of the financial year	<u> </u>	144,036

14 CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT FUND

During the financial year 2010, one of the childcare centre, SGM Little Kidz @ Rivervale, received donation amounting to S\$100,000 from Lee Foundation for its new childcare centre. The Co-operative has decided to set aside this amount as a childcare development fund. The fund was fully disbursed in 2019.

15 PROPERTY REVALUATION RESERVE

	2022 \$\$	2021 \$\$
Beginning and end of financial year	1,935,521	1,935,521

(SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD) (Registered in the Republic of Singapore) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES **SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD**

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

JENT
EQUIPN
AND
PLANT
ERTY,
PROP
16

•		;				•	
	2022 Gost	Freehold building S\$	luation Freehold land S\$	Equipment and fittings	Cost Computer equipment	General renovation S\$	Total S\$
	At beginning of year Additions At end of year	1,643,636	3,163,591	311,850 17,483 329,333	219,194 60,227 279,421	1,005,945 96,033 1,101,978	6,344,216 173,743 6,517,959
	Accumulated Depreciation						
	At beginning of year Depreciation At end of year	471,529 21,434 492,963	1 1 1	263,135 14,621 277,756	148,017 18,353 166,370	487,069 27,079 514,148	1,369,750 81,487 1,451,237
	Carrying Amount						
	At end of year	1,150,673	3,163,591	51,577	113,051	587,830	5,066,722

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - cont'd

2021 Cost	✓─── Valuation Freehold F building S\$	tion Freehold land S\$	Equipment and fittings	Computer equipment	General renovation S\$	Total S\$
At beginning of year Additions Maintenance grant*	1,643,636	3,163,591	293,815 18,035 - 311,850	156,100 63,094	1,037,463 17,676 (49,194)	6,294,605 98,805 (49,194) 6 344 216
Accumulated Depreciation			00,	100	0000	5
At beginning of year Depreciation	450,095 21,434	1 1	251,248 11,887	137,401 10,616	459,113 27,956	1,297,857 71,893
At end of year	471,529	1	263,135	148,017	487,069	1,369,750
Carrying Amount						
At end of year	1,172,107	3,163,591	48,715	71,177	518,876	4,974,466

*Maintenance Grant pertains to Cyclical Maintenance Grant provided by the Ministry of Social and Family Development (MSF) for social service agencies which includes repainting and repair works, as well as replacement of fixed fitting and equipment to meet with current building authorities' requirements.

Page 34

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

17	INVESTMENT SECURITIES		
		2022 S\$	2021 \$\$
	Fair value through other comprehensive income:		
	Unquoted investments at cost	62,000	62,000
18	INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY		
		The Co-op	erative
		2022	2021
	CCM Educational Institution Dts 144	S\$	S\$
	SGM Educational Institution Pte. Ltd. Cost	150,002	150,002
	Less: Impairment loss	(109,490)	(109,490)
	Net carrying value of investments in subsidiary	40,512	40,512
	Movement in provision for impairment:		
	Beginning and end of the financial year	109,490	109,490

SGM Educational Institution Pte. Ltd., which is fully owned by the Co-operative, is incorporated in the Republic of Singapore. The principal activity is those of conducting counselling advice.

The subsidiary has been dormant since the end of 2016 and is not required to be audited by local jurisdiction.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

19 ORDINARY LOANS TO MEMBERS

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year Add: Loans granted Less: Repayments	4,063,630 1,073,129 (1,147,649)	4,132,914 1,160,076 (1,229,360)
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts End of the financial year	3,989,110 (271,200) 3,717,910	4,063,630 (271,200) 3,792,430
As disclosed in the statement of financial position: Amount due within one year (current assets) Amount due more than one year (non-current	1,058,785	1,359,721
assets)	2,659,125 3,717,910	2,432,709 3,792,430
Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts Beginning and end of the financial year	271,200	271,200

Each ordinary loan is secured by up to the total amount of paid-up shares and subscription capital of the borrowing member. If the loan amount exceeds the shares and subscription capital, the loan is additionally secured by a guarantee given by two members of the Cooperative or a guarantee by third parties under the loan default insurance. Loans together with interest are repayable in not more than sixty monthly installments commencing from the month following that in which the loan was granted. Maximum interest is charged at 6% (2021: 6%) per annum.

As at year-end, the outstanding amount of ordinary loans together with accrued interest after netting off their general savings, owed by members who had defaulted their repayments, are \$\$109,876 (2021: \$\$106,970).

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

20 PURCHASING LOANS TO MEMBERS

2022 \$\$	2021 S\$
26,466	26,466
(203)	
26,263	26,466
(2,238)	(2,238)
24,025	24,228
2,238	2,238
	26,466 (203) 26,263 (2,238)

Each purchasing loan secured by a guarantee given by one or two members of the Cooperative or a guarantee given by third parties under the loan default insurance. The loan is to be paid direct to the service provider when members acquired the product and/or services. Loans together with interest are repayable in not more than twenty-four monthly installments commencing from the month following that in which the loan was granted. Interest is charged at NIL (2021: NIL) per annum.

21 EDUCATION LOANS TO MEMBERS

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year	6,384	5,344
Add: Loans granted	10,000	5,000
Less: Repayments	(4,784)	(3,960)
End of the financial year	11,600	6,384

Each education loan is interest-free and repayable in twelve monthly installments.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

22 RENOVATION LOAN TO MEMBERS

	2022 \$\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year Add: Loans granted	- 60,000	4,883
Less: Repayments	(6,650)	(4,883)
End of the financial year	53,350	-
As disclosed in the statement of financial position: Amount due within one year (current assets) Amount due more than one year	53,350	-
(non-current assets)		<u>-</u>
	53,350_	

Each renovation loan is secured by a guarantee given by one or two members of the Cooperative or a guarantee given by third parties under the loan default insurance. Loans together with interest are repayable in not more than sixty monthly installments commencing from the month following that in which the loan was granted. Interest is charged at 6% (2021: NIL) per annum.

23 STAFF LOAN

	2022	2021
	S\$	S\$
Beginning of the financial year	7,367	4,937
Add: Loans granted	17,018	9,825
Less: Repayments	(9,428)	(7,395)
End of the financial year	14,957	7,367

Each staff loan is secured by a guarantee given by one or two or more members who are also employees of the society. Loans together with interest are repayable in not more than twenty-four monthly installments commencing from the month following that in which the loan was granted. Interest is charged at 5% (2021: 5%) per annum.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

24	INVESTMENT SECURITIES		
		2022 S\$	2021 S\$
	Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:		
	Quoted investments at cost Add: Movement in fair value At fair value	455 11,439 11,894	455 11,439 11,894
	Movement in fair value: Beginning of the financial year Fair value loss End of the financial year	11,439 11,439	11,586 (147) 11,439
25	ADVANCES FOR SUBSIDIARY		
		2022 S\$	2021 S\$
	SGM Educational Institution Pte. Ltd.	8,503	4,683
26	OTHER RECEIVABLES		
		2022 S\$	2021 S\$
	Deposits Grant receivables* GST receivables Prepayments Other receivables	6,887 7,026 42,054 8,039 23,488 87,494	7,016 9,552 27,499 16,755 23,492 84,314

^{*}Grants receivables pertains to amounts receivable from Ministry of Education (MOE) for the variation in Co-Operative Teacher salaries due to the change in new system. These grants are expected to be received in the current year.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

27 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2022 S\$	2021 \$\$
Cash and bank balances	1,526,136	1,689,197
Fixed deposits	1,716,209	1,974,049
	3,242,345	3,663,246

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, fixed deposit pledged are excluded as part of the cash and cash equivalents:

	2022 \$\$	2021 S\$
Cash and bank balances (as above) Less: Fixed deposit pledged Cash and cash equivalents per statement of	3,242,345 (1,516,209)	3,663,246 (322,859)
cash flows	1,726,136	3,340,387

Fixed deposits for the Co-operative amounting to S\$1,516,209 (2021: S\$322,859) are held as collateral for overdraft facilities granted by a bank.

Fixed deposits at the reporting date have an average maturity of 3 to 24 months (2021: 3 to 24 months) from the end of the financial year with the weighted average effective interest rates of 0.73% (2021: 0.75%) per annum for the Co-operative.

28 CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE FUND

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Beginning of the financial year	<u>-</u>	18,768
Add: Transfer from appropriation funds	366	· <u>-</u>
Less: Contribution	-	(18,768)
End of the financial year	366	-

Section 71 (2) of the Co-operative Societies Act 1979, stipulates that every Co-operative Society shall contribute 5% of the first \$\$500,000 of the surplus resulting from the operations of the Co-operative during the preceding financial year to the Central Co-operative Fund and 20% of any surplus in excess of \$\$500,000 from the operations of the Co-operative during the preceding financial year either to the Central Co-operative Fund or to the Singapore Labour Foundation as the Co-operative may opt.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

Amount owing to members and ex-members and ex-members 3,845 3,845 Deposit received 1,400 1,400 GST payables 72,021 8,078 Insurance control account 53,633 11,960 Other payables and accruals 92,867 140,810 223,766 166,093 HONORARIUM 2022 2021 \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ Beginning of the financial year 3,639 49,112 Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial year Disbursements (3,638) (45,473)	29	OTHER PAYABLES		
ex-members 3,845 3,845 Deposit received 1,400 1,400 1,400 GST payables 72,021 8,078 Insurance control account 53,633 11,960 Other payables and accruals 92,867 140,810 223,766 166,093 30 HONORARIUM				
ex-members 3,845 3,845 Deposit received 1,400 1,400 1,400 GST payables 72,021 8,078 Insurance control account 53,633 11,960 Other payables and accruals 92,867 140,810 223,766 166,093 30 HONORARIUM		Amount owing to members and		
Deposit received 1,400 1,400 GST payables 72,021 8,078 Insurance control account 53,633 11,960 0ther payables and accruals 92,867 140,810 223,766 166,093 30 HONORARIUM 2022 2021 S\$ S\$ S\$ Beginning of the financial year 3,639 49,112 Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial year -			3,845	3,845
GST payables 72,021 8,078 Insurance control account 53,633 11,960 Other payables and accruals 92,867 140,810 223,766 166,093		Deposit received		
Other payables and accruals 92,867 223,766 140,810 166,093 30 HONORARIUM 2022 S\$ S\$ Beginning of the financial year Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial year Disbursements 3,639 49,112		GST payables	72,021	
223,766 166,093 30 HONORARIUM 2022 S\$ \$\$ \$\$ Beginning of the financial year Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial year Disbursements 3,639 49,112 49,112 Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial year Disbursements - - -			53,633	11,960
30 HONORARIUM 2022 2021 \$\$ \$\$ Beginning of the financial year Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial year Disbursements (3,638) 1022 2021 3,639 49,112		Other payables and accruals		
2022 2021 \$\$ \$\$ Beginning of the financial year 3,639 49,112 Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial year			223,766	166,093
2022 2021 \$\$ \$\$ Beginning of the financial year 3,639 49,112 Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial year				
Beginning of the financial year 3,639 49,112 Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial year	30	HONORARIUM		
Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial year Disbursements (3,638) (45,473)				
Disbursements (3,638) (45,473)		Honorarium proposed in respect of the financial	3,639	49,112
		·	(3.638)	(45.473)
End of the financial year 1 3,639		End of the financial year	1	3,639

The honorarium relates to fees paid/payable to some or all of the members of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee in consideration of their services which would not otherwise be remunerated.

The Board will be requesting the members to approve the proposed amount at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

31 TAXATION

The Co-operative is exempt from income tax under Section 13(1)(f)(ii) of the Income Tax Act, Cap.134.

As at 31 December 2022, the subsidiary has no unabsorbed tax losses and unutilised capital allowances available for offset against future taxable profits.

32 ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES

	2022 \$\$	2021 \$\$
		•
Advertising and publicity	1,732	1,772
Affiliation fees	-	251
AGM	10,268	11,057
Auditors' remuneration	29,400	29,400
Bank charges	7,185	6,892
Books purchased	1,681	5,197
Check-off charges	1,197	1,175
Childcare accessories,		
upkeep and fittings	72,031	53,275
Children uniform and		
mattress cover	-	3,730
Conservancy charges	14,985	14,808
Copier charges	5,121	4,041
Course fees	9,853	8,377
Depreciation	81,487	71,893
Donation	-	164
Dry goods and beverages	10,618	1,830
Enrichment expenditure	20,745	-
Expensed equipment	-	2,860
General maintenance	3,283	4,894
General expenses	5,998	9,707
Incentive for meetings	22,060	27,620
Insurance	30,495	18,240
Kitchen's foods, beverage and		
utensils	1,309	2,658
Leasing charges	4,908	4,874
Licenses and permits	1,220	1,160
Medical fees	9,267	7,202
Marketing and groceries	40,922	38,138
Miscellaneous expenses	2,674	3,470
Balance carried forward	388,439	334,685

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

32 ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES - cont'd

	2022	2021
	S\$	S\$
Balance brought forward	388,439	334,685
Newspapers and periodicals	800	285
Office maintenance	12,133	14,206
Other activities and functions	14,956	13,680
Other fees	1,224	2,016
Postage and periodic	2,611	1,935
Printing and stationery	16,798	10,562
Professional fees	14,278	4,367
Property tax	7,910	7,910
Recruiting	18,260	8,801
Refreshments	2,525	2,520
Rental of childcare premises	20,562	17,049
Repair and maintenance and		
expensed equipment	58,955	54,257
Salaries, allowances and CPF *	1,573,288	1,471,546
Software maintenance fees	13,623	6,641
Speech and drama	-	7,937
Staff benefits	11,161	4,346
Teaching materials and books	5,997	4,975
Telephone, internet and		
facsimile charges	15,732	9,875
Temporary staff	7,930	24,044
Transport	9,439	11,655
Travelling	-	-
Training and courses	590	642
Utilities	51,123	31,852
Total	2,248,334_	2,045,786

^{*} Salaries, allowances and CPF are as follows:

	2022 \$\$	2021 S\$
Salaries and allowances	1,138,634	1,074,385
Central provident fund (CPF)	434,654	397,161
Total	1,573,288	1,471,546

^{**} During the financial year, the Co-operative has received government grants for Jobs Growth Incentive amounting to S\$114,639 (2021: Nil) received from Singapore government to support employers to expand local hiring.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

33 FUND TRANSFERS

The Board of Directors decided that with effect from the financial year 2006, if SGM Murni and SGM Little Kidz @ Rivervale Child Development Centre's accumulated fund exceeds \$\$500,000, the excess amount will be transferred to the Co-operative.

As at financial year-end:

- S\$123,764 was transferred from SGM Murni to SGM Co-operative.

34 DIVIDENDS/PATRONAGE REBATE

There are no dividends and patronage rebate in respect of prior year's accounts which was approved and paid during the financial year (2021: \$\$109,997).

35 DIVIDENDS

For the current financial year, the Board of Directors has not made any proposed dividends. The Co-operative will confirm the dividend payout (if any) for the current financial year in the coming Annual General Meeting (AGM).

36 COMMITMENTS

Operating Lease Commitment - As Lessee

Rental expenses are principally for childcare premises and lease of equipment. Most leases contain renewable options. Lease terms do not contain restrictions on the Co-operative's activities concerning dividends, additional debts or further leasing. The leases have varying terms and renewal rights and their lease terms is 5 years.

Future minimum rental under non-cancellable leases are as follows as at 31 December:

Payable:	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Within 1 year	6,960	4,380
After 1 year but within 5 years	27,840	8,572
	34,800	12,952

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

36 COMMITMENTS - cont'd

Operating Lease Commitment - As Lessee - cont'd

Details of rental of childcare premises and equipment are as follows:

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Leasing charges	7,461	4,874
Rental of childcare premises	20,562	17,049
	28,023	21,923

37 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Co-operative's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end each reporting period. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimate could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future periods.

37.1 Judgement made in Applying Accounting Policies

Fair Value of Loans and Receivables Financial Assets

For loans to members amounting to \$\$3,756,127 (2021: \$\$3,830,409) (Note 19 - 23), the Co-operative management is of the opinion that it is not practicable to estimate the fair values of the loans to members without incurring excessive time and costs as required under FRS 109 and also does not anticipate that the carrying amounts recorded at reporting date would be significantly different from the values that would be eventually received or settled.

Valuation of Leasehold Land and Building

The apportionment of the fair value leasehold land and building is based on the directors' estimate. The estimate is based on the proportion of the carrying amount of the leasehold land and building as at year end. Valuation of leasehold land and building is carried out by an independent professional with sufficient regularity. In carrying out the valuation, leasehold land and building are valued collectively as it is impractical for them to be valued individually.

Impairment of Investment and Financial Instrument

The Co-operative follows the guidance of FRS 36 and FRS 109 in determining when an investment or financial assets is other-than-temporary impaired. This assessment requires significant judgement. and the Co-operative evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment or financial asset is less than its cost; and the financial health of and near-term business outlook for the investment or financial asset, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flow.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

37 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES - cont'd

37.2 Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Provision of Expected Credit Losses of Trade Receivables

The Co-operative uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for ordinary loans to members. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings or various customer segments that have similar loss patterns

The provision matrix is initially based on the Co-operative's historical observed default rates. The Co-operative will calibrate that matrix to adjust historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. At every reporting date, historical default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Cooperative's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Co-operative's ordinary loans to members is disclosed in Note 19.

The carrying amount of the Co-operative's ordinary loans to members as at 31 December 2022 was \$\$3,717,910 (2021: \$\$3,792,430).

38 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Except for the significant related parties transactions on terms agreed between the Cooperative and its related parties as disclosed below, there are no other transaction and arrangements between the Co-operative and related parties:

Honorarium for Board of Directors and Audit Committee are disclosed in Note 30.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director of the Co-operative or any corporation in the Co-operative has received or become entitled to receive a benefit by reason of a contract made by the Co-operative or a related corporation with the director, or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest.

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Co-operative's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks from its operations. The key financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including interest rate risk and foreign currency risk).

The directors review and agree policies and procedures for the management of these risks which are executed by the management team. It is, and has been throughout the current and previous financial year, the Co-operative's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purpose shall be undertaken.

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - cont'd

There has been no change to the Co-operative's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

39.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a loss to the Co-operative. The Co-operative's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from trade and other receivables. For other financial assets (including cash), the Co-operative minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively high credit rating counterparties.

The Co-operative has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties. and the Co-operative performs ongoing credit evaluation of its counterparties' financial condition and generally do not require a collateral.

The Co-operative considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period.

The Co-operative has determined the default event on a financial asset to be when internal and/or external information indicates that the financial asset is unlikely to be received, which could include default of contractual payments due for more than 60 days, default of interest due for more than 30 days or there is significant difficulty of the counterparty.

To minimise credit risk, the Co-operative have developed and maintained the Co-operative's credit risk gradings to categorise exposures according to their degree of risk of default. The credit rating information is supplied by publicly available financial information and the Co-operative's own trading records to rate its major customers and other debtors. The Co-operative considers available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information which includes the following indicators:

- Internal credit rating
- External credit rating
- Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the debtor's ability to meet its obligations
- Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the debtor
- Significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor
- Significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the debtor, including changes in the payment status of debtors in the group and changes in the operating results of the debtor.

Regardless of the analysis above, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making contractual payment.

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - cont'd

39.1 Credit Risk - cont'd

The Co-operative determined that its financial assets are credit-impaired when:

- There is significant difficulty of the debtor
- A breach of contract, such as a default or past due event
- It is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation
- There is a disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulty

The Co-operative categories a receivable for potential write-off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments more than 120 days past due. Financial assets are written off when there is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the debtor has no realistic prospect of recovery.

The Co-operative's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

Category	Definition of category	Basis for recognising expected credit loss (ECL)
l	Counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts.	

Exposure to Credit Risk

The Co-operative has no significant concentration of credit risk. The Co-operative has credit policies and procedures in place to minimise and mitigate its credit risk exposure.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - cont'd

39.1 Credit Risk - cont'd

The table below details the credit quality of the Co-operative's financial assets, as well as maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating categories:

2022	Note	12-month or lifetime ECL	Gross carrying amount S\$	Loss allowance S\$	Net carrying amount s\$
Ordinary loans to members Other receivables	19 26	Lifetime ECL (simplified) 12-month ECL	3,989,110 87,494	(271,200)	3,717,910 87,494
2021					
Ordinary loans to members Other receivables	19 26	Lifetime ECL (simplified) 12-month ECL	4,063,630 88,997	(271,200)	3,792,430 88,997

Ordinary Loans to Members

The Co-operative have assessed the latest performance and financial position of the counterparties, adjusted for the future outlook of the industry in which the counterparties operate in, and concluded that there has been no significant increase in the credit risk since the initial recognition of the financial assets. Accordingly, and the Co-operative measured the impairment loss allowance using 12-month ECL and determined that the ECL is insignificant.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - cont'd

39.2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Co-operative will encounter difficulties in meeting its short-term obligations due to shortage of funds. The Co-operative's exposure to liquidity risk arise primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. It is managed by matching the payment and receipt cycles. The Co-operative's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of standby credit facilities. The Co-operative finances its working capital requirements through a combination of funds generated from operations. The directors are satisfied that funds are available to finance the operations of the Co-operative.

Analysis of Financial Instruments by Remaining Contractual Maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Co-operative's financial assets and liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Co-operative's financial assets and liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

2022	Within 1 year S\$	Within 2 to 5 years S\$	Total S\$
Financial Assets Investment securities – non			•
current	-	62,000	62,000
Investment securities - current	11,894	-	11,894
Interest receivable from loans	17,250	-	17,250
Other receivables	45,904	-	45,904
Ordinary loans to members	1,058,785	2,659,125	3,717,910
Purchasing loans to members	24,025	_	24,025
Education loans to members	11,600	-	11,600
Renovation loans	53,350		53,350
Staff loans	14,957	-	14,957
Cash and cash equivalents	3,242,345	-	3,242,345
Total undiscounted financial			
assets	4,480,110	2,721,125	7,201,235

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - cont'd

39.2 Liquidity Risk - cont'd

2022	Within 1 year S\$	Within 2 to 5 years S\$	Total S\$
Financial Liabilities			
Deposits received	154,840		154,840
Share capital	1,058,776	-	1,058,776
Subscription capital	5,103,642	-	5,103,642
General savings	2,424,620	_	2,424,620
General savings - hajj	216,870	<u>-</u>	2,424,020
General savings - education	29,781	_	29,781
Honorarium	20,701	_	29,701
Other payables	151,745	_	151,745
Total undiscounted financial	101,740	-	101,740
liabilities	9,140,275	_	9,140,275
Total net undiscounted			
financial (liabilities)/assets	(4,660,165)	2,721,125	(1,939,040)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
2021	S\$	S\$	S\$
	O.	Οψ	Οψ
Financial Assets			
Investment securities – non			
current	-	62,000	62,000
Investment securities - current	11,894	· -	11,894
Interest receivable from loans	17,250	-	17,250
Other receivables	44,743	-	44,743
Ordinary loans to members	1,359,721	2,432,709	3,792,430
Purchasing loans to members	24,228	-	24,228
Education loans to members	6,384	-	6,384
Renovation loans to			
members	-	-	_
Staff loans	7,367	-	7,367
Cash and cash equivalents	3,663,246_	_	3,663,246
Total undiscounted financial			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
assets	5,134,833	2,494,709	7,629,542

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - cont'd

39.2 Liquidity Risk - cont'd

2021	Within 1 year S\$	Within 2 to 5 years S\$	Total S\$
Financial Liabilities			
Deposits received	216,647	_	216,647
Share capital	1,103,432	-	1,103,432
Subscription capital	5,123,066	-	5,123,066
General savings	2,426,609	-	2,426,609
General savings - hajj	193,440	-	193,440
General savings - education	33,741	-	33,741
Honorarium	3,639	-	3,639
Other payables	158,014		158,014
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	9,258,588		9,258,588
Total net undiscounted financial (liabilities)/assets	(4,123,755)	2,494,709	(1,629,046)
manciai (naviities)/assets	(4,123,733)	<u>2,494,709</u>	(1,029,040)

39.3 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates will affect the Co-operative's income. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

39.3.1 Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Cooperative's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Co-operative's exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily from their cash and cash equivalents.

The Co-operative is not exposed to interest rate risk as it does not have any financial instruments bearing variable interest rate as at the reporting date.

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - cont'd

39.3 Market Risk - cont'd

39.3.2 Foreign Currency Risk

The Co-operative's foreign exchange risk results mainly from cash flows from transactions denominated in foreign currencies. At present, the Co-operative does not have any formal policy for hedging against currency risk. The Co-operative ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates, where necessary, to address short term imbalances.

The Co-operative's exposure to foreign currency risk is minimal as all transactions are dealt with in local currency.

40 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts presented in the statement of financial position relate to the following categories of financial assets and financial liabilities:

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Financial Assets		
Loans and receivables:		
Investment securities -		
Available-for-sale financial		
assets	62,000	62,000
Investment securities -		
Financial assets at fair value		
through profit and loss	11,894	11,894
Interest receivable from loans	17,250	17,250
Other receivables	45,904	44,743
Ordinary loans to members	3,717,910	3,792,430
Purchasing loans to members	24,025	24,228
Education loans to members	11,600	6,384
Renovation loan to members	53,350	-
Staff loan	14,957	7,367
Cash and cash equivalents	3,242,345	3,663,246
	7,201,235	7,629,542

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

40 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY - cont'd

The carrying amounts presented in the statement of financial position relate to the following categories of financial assets and financial liabilities: - cont'd

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Financial Liabilities Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
Deposits received	154,840	176,135
Share capital	1,058,776	1,103,432
Subscription capital	5,103,642	5,123,066
General savings	2,424,620	2,426,609
General savings - hajj	216,870	193,440
General savings - education	29,781	33,741
Honorarium	1	3,639
Other payables	151,745	158,015
	9,140,275	9,218,077

41 FAIR VALUE

Cash and cash equivalents, Other Receivables and Other Payables

The carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities of the Co-operative recorded at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

42 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Co-operative's capital management is to maximise member's value.

The Co-operative manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in the working capital requirements, business performance and economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Co-operative may adjust the dividend payment to members or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

The Co-operative do not have any externally imposed capital requirements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 except as stipulated by the Registry of Co-operative Societies.

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

42 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT – cont'd

A credit society which holds deposits should maintain capital adequacy ratio ('CAR') of not less than 8% of its total assets. In addition, a credit society with less than 5% CAR as at financial year end and intends to distribute dividends from that year's surplus shall seek the Registry's written approval for the proposed dividends.

Capital adequacy ratio means the credit society's institutional capital expressed as a percentage of its total assets. Institutional capital means the credit society's accumulated surplus/deficit or unappropriated surplus, statutory reserve, and general reserves or general funds. Reserves and funds established for specific purposes such as common good, scholarship, fair value or revaluation, loan default, provisions for bad and doubtful loans etc. are not counted as institutional capital.

		2022 S\$	2021 S\$
	Institutional capital	1,018,546	1,167,928
	Total assets	12,358,562	12,648,262
	Capital adequacy ratio	8.24%	9.23%
43	SGM RESERVE FUND		
		2022 S\$	2021 S\$
	Beginning of the financial year Add: Transfer from retained earnings Less: Disbursements	189,290 100,000 (76,381)	39,290 150,000
	End of the financial year	212,909	189,290

In July 2020, the Co-operative set up a new fund - SGM Reserve Fund. It was initiated in order for the Co-operative to meet and maintain the Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of 10%.

SGM SINGAPURA KOPERATIF BERHAD (SINGAPORE MALAY TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE LTD)

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2022

44 OTHER MATTER

The COVID-19 outbreak and the measures taken to contain the spread of the pandemic, the Ukraine - Russia conflict, inflation and natural disasters have resulted in significant impact to business activities and high level of uncertainty to global economic prospects. The Co-operative has considered the impact of the various macroeconomic events and factors on the measurement and recognition of assets and liabilities, income and expenses, and the potential impact on going concern amongst other considerations.

Management has reviewed the possible impact given the evolving nature of COVID-19 and the uncertainties that arise from the various macroeconomic events and factors on the following matters:

- (1) Changes in economic and market conditions that affect the fair values of the Cooperative's financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.
- (2) Additional expected credit losses due to a decline in the repayment ability of debtors.

Management assessment requires the exercise of judgement and careful consideration of The Co-operative's specific facts and circumstances. The Co-operative operates in business segments that have remain relatively stable or unaffected by the outbreak and the uncertainties as mentioned above and there may not be a significant increase in loss allowance as the Co-operative's key customers are not in sectors severely affected by the outbreak and the uncertainties as mentioned above, and they generally have good repayment history. The Co-operative will continue to monitor any material impact due to changes in future economic conditions.

45 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified so as to conform to the current financial year presentation. This change has no material effects on the financial statements.